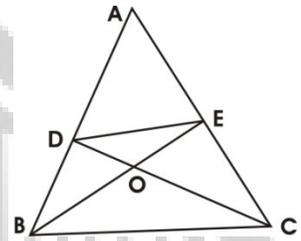


Q1 Solve the following

1] A triangle ABC with sides $AB=6\text{cm}$, $BC=12\text{cm}$ and $AC=8\text{cm}$ is enlarged to ΔPQR such that its largest side is 18 cm. Find the ratio and hence find the length of the remaining sides of ΔPQR .

2] In the adjoining figure $DE \parallel BC$ and $AD:DB = 5:4$
 Find i) $DE:BC$ ii) $DO:DC$ iii) $A(\Delta DOE):A(\Delta DCE)$



3] In ΔPQR seg PM is the median. If $PM = 9$ and $PQ^2 + PR^2 = 290$. Find QR

Q2 Solve the following (Theorems)

- 1] If a line is parallel to a side of a triangle and intersects the other two sides in two distinct points, then the line divides those sides in the same ratio.
- 2] In a right-angled triangle, the square of the hypotenuse is equal to the sum of the squares of the other two sides.
- 3] If the angles of a triangle are 30° , 60° and 90° , then the side opposite to 30° is half the hypotenuse, and the side opposite to 60° is $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$ times the hypotenuse.
- 4] Prove that the quadrilateral formed by the angle bisectors of a cyclic quadrilateral is also cyclic.
- 5] Prove that the sum of the squares of the diagonals of a parallelogram is equal to the sum of the squares of its sides.

Q3 Solve the following (Constructions)

- 1] Draw the perpendicular bisector of a line segment AB of length 8.3 cm.
- 2] Draw an angle of 125° and bisect it.
- 3] Construct ΔLEM such that $LE = 6\text{cm}$, $LM = 7.5\text{cm}$, $\angle LEM = 90^\circ$ and draw its circumcircle.

- 4] Construct in circle of ΔSGN such that $SG=6.7\text{cm}$, $\angle S=70^\circ$, $\angle G=50^\circ$ and draw in circle of ΔSGN .
- 5] Draw the circum circle and in circle of an equilateral triangle ΔABC with sides 6.6cm .

Q4 Solve the following

- 1) If the terminal arm passes through $(4,-7)$. Find all the trigonometric ratios.
- 2) If $x=a \sin\theta$, $y=b \tan\theta$ then prove that $a^2/x^2 - b^2/y^2 = 1$.
- 3) $\tan\theta/\sec\theta + 1 + \sec\theta + 1/\tan\theta = 2 \operatorname{cosec}\theta$

Q5 Solve the following

- 1) Show that $(-2,1)$, $(0,3)$, $(2,1)$ and $(0,-1)$ are the vertices of parallelogram.
- 2) Using Slope concept check whether the following points are collinear.
 - i) $A(7,8)$, $B(-5,2)$ and $C(3,6)$
 - ii) $P(-2,3)$, $Q(7,-4)$ and $R(2,1)$
- 4] The radii of the circular ends of a frustum of a cone are 14cm and 8cm . If the height of the frustum is 8cm . Find
 - I) Curved surface area of frustum .
 - II) Total surface area of the frustum.
 - III) Volume of the frustum.

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